



## VILLAGE OF SPRING GREEN, WISCONSIN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Including Independent Auditor's Report
As of and for the year ended December 31, 2024

Johnson Block & Company, Inc. Certified Public Accountants 2500 Business Park Road Mineral Point, Wisconsin 53565 (608) 987-2206

## Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin December 31, 2024

## Table of Contents

Independent Audito	r's Report	1
Basic Financial Stat	<u>ements</u>	
Government-W	ide Financial Statements:	
Exhibit A-1	Statement of Net Position	4
Exhibit A-2	Statement of Activities	6
Fund Financial	Statements:	
Exhibit A-3	Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	7
Exhibit A-4	Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet with the	
	Statement of Net Position	8
Exhibit A-5		
	-Governmental Funds.	9
Exhibit A-6		
	in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	10
Exhibit A-7	Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	11
Exhibit A-8		
	-Proprietary Funds	13
Exhibit A-9	- •	
Exhibit A-1	0 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	16
Exhibit A-1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Notes to the Ba	sic Financial Statements	18
Required Suppleme	ntary Information:	
Exhibit B-1	Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund	55
Exhibit B-2	Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Library Fund	
Exhibit B-3	Wisconsin Retirement System Schedules	57
Exhibit B-4	Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Schedules	
Notes to Requi	red Supplementary Information	59
Supplementary Info	rmation:	
Exhibit C-1	Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	64
Exhibit C-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	65



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Village Board Village of Spring Green Spring Green, Wisconsin

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin ("Village"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective January 1, 2024, the Village adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, the Wisconsin Retirement System schedules, and the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



#### **Required Supplementary Information (Continued)**

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

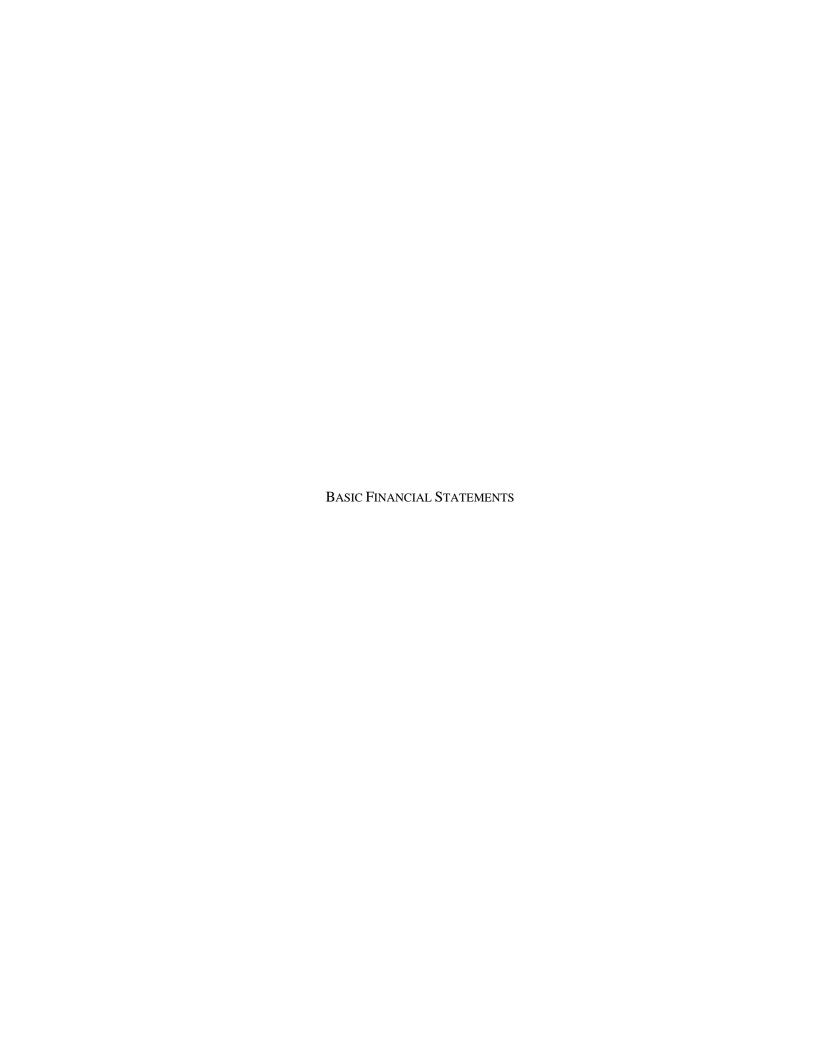
The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and are derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Report of Summarized Comparative Information**

We have previously audited the Village's 2023 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated October 7, 2024. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Johnson Block & Company, Inc.

Johnson Block & Company, Inc. July 17, 2025



## Exhibit A-1 Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

	G	overnmental	В	usiness-Type	Tota	als	
		Activities		Activities	 2024		2023
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$	3,915,126	\$	3,074,339	\$ 6,989,465	\$	6,453,684
Cash and investments-restricted				184,405	184,405		176,818
Receivables:							
Taxes		1,276,804			1,276,804		1,079,855
Customer				235,545	235,545		235,107
Other governments				4,057	4,057		6,405
Other		18,807			18,807		
Leases		76,447			76,447		75,023
Special assessments		31,017			31,017		19,998
Internal balances		(21,787)		21,787			
Materials and supplies				11,772	11,772		9,746
Total current assets		5,296,414		3,531,905	8,828,319		8,056,636
Noncurrent assets:							
Lease receivable		1,175,153			1,175,153		1,251,600
Capital assets:							
Property, plant and equipment		12,436,851		12,228,376	24,665,227		23,787,203
Less: accumulated depreciation		(4,581,615)		(6,115,323)	(10,696,938)		(9,502,261)
Net book value of capital assets		7,855,236		6,113,053	13,968,289		14,284,942
Total noncurrent assets		9,030,389		6,113,053	15,143,442		15,536,542
Total assets		14,326,803		9,644,958	23,971,761		23,593,178
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred pension outflows		385,752		82,792	468,544		730,360
OPEB - group life insurance plan outflows		6,724		2,220	8,944		8,834
Total deferred outflows of resources		392,476		85,012	477,488		739,194
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	14,719,279	\$	9,729,970	\$ 24,449,249	\$	24,332,372

## Exhibit A-1 (Continued)

## Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin

## Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2024

National		Governmental Business-Type					Tota			
Current liabilities:			Activities		Activities		2024		2023	
Current liabilities:	I I A DAY MOVEG									
Accounts payable   S 209,726   S 6,122   S 215,848   S 243,165     Unearned revenue   171,761   171,761   171,761   171,761     Due to other governments   20,954   20,064     Accrued interest   49,711   12,334   62,045   67,377     Current maturities of long-term debt   26,000   60,000   320,000     Current portion of compensated absences   56,386   15,351   71,737   26,694     Total current liabilities   575,823   286,522   862,345   8850,61     Long-term liabilities   105,794   29,214   135,008   63,885     Net pension liability   43,026   92,214   135,008   63,885     Net pension liability   160,923   160,923   171,958     DeB group life insurance plan   19,795   6,535   160,923   171,958     Less: current portion   316,386   75,351   391,737   346,694     Total long-term liabilities   4,553,152   1,089,632   5,642,784   6,087,451     Total liabilities   5,128,975   1,376,154   6,505,129   6,937,512      DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES   1,195,775   1,195,775   1,285,658     Lesse   1,195,775   1,195,775   1,195,775   1,285,658     Deferred pension inflows of resources   3,196,986   56,720   3,253,706   3,426,958      NET POSITION   1,748,664   1,692,551     Prosition   1,486,64   1,492,14   3,950,660     Net revenue   1,748,664   1,492,14   3,950,6										
Unearmed revenue		ф	200.726	ф	6 122	ф	217.040	ф	242.165	
Due to other governments		\$	209,726	\$	- /	\$	•	\$	*	
Accured interest							•			
Current maturities of long-term debt         260,000         60,000         320,000         320,000           Current portion of compensated absences         56,386         15,351         71,737         26,694           Total current liabilities         575,823         286,522         862,345         850,061           Long-term liabilities:         105,794         29,214         135,008         63,885           Net pension liability         43,026         9,234         52,260         196,479           General obligation debt         4,540,000         1,120,000         5,660,000         5,980,000           Debt premium         160,923         160,923         171,958           OPEB - group life insurance plan         19,795         6,535         6,535         6,330         21,823           Less: current portion         (316,386)         75,351         (391,737)         (346,694)           Total long-term liabilities         4,553,152         1,089,632         5,642,784         6,087,451           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred pension inflows         230,748         49,524         280,272         413,365           Leases         1,195,775         1,989,632         5,642,784         6,087,451	<del>-</del>		10.511							
Current portion of compensated absences         56,386         15,351         71,737         26,694           Total current liabilities         575,823         286,522         862,345         850,061           Long-term liabilities         305,794         29,214         135,008         63,885           Net pension liability         43,026         9,234         52,60         196,479           General obligation debt         4,540,000         1,120,000         5,660,000         5,980,000           Debt premium         160,923         160,923         171,958           OPEB - group life insurance plan         19,795         6,535         26,330         21,823           Less: current portion         (316,386)         (75,351)         (391,737)         (346,694)           Total long-term liabilities         4,553,152         1,089,632         5,642,784         6,087,451           Total liabilities         230,748         49,524         280,272         413,365           Leases         1,195,775         1,376,154         6,505,129         6,937,512           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred pension inflows         230,748         49,524         280,272         413,365           Leases         1,195,775										
Total current liabilities         575,823         286,522         862,345         850,061           Long-term liabilities:							•			
Compensated absences	Current portion of compensated absences		56,386		15,351		71,737		26,694	
Compensated absences         105,794         29,214         135,008         63,885           Net pension liability         43,026         9,234         52,260         196,479           General obligation debt         4,540,000         1,120,000         5,660,000         5,980,000           Debt premium         160,923         160,923         171,958           OPEB - group life insurance plan         19,795         6,535         26,330         21,823           Less: current portion         (316,386)         (75,351)         (391,737)         (346,694)           Total long-term liabilities         4,553,152         1,089,632         5,642,784         6,087,451           Total liabilities         5,128,975         1,376,154         6,505,129         6,937,512           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred pension inflows         230,748         49,524         280,272         413,365           Leases         1,195,775         1,195,775         1,285,658           OPEB - group life insurance plan inflows         21,799         7,196         28,955         33,384           Deferred revenue         1,748,664         1,692,551         1,748,664         1,692,551           NET POSITION         1,056,971<	Total current liabilities		575,823		286,522		862,345		850,061	
Compensated absences         105,794         29,214         135,008         63,885           Net pension liability         43,026         9,234         52,260         196,479           General obligation debt         4,540,000         1,120,000         5,660,000         5,980,000           Debt premium         160,923         160,923         171,958           OPEB - group life insurance plan         19,795         6,535         26,330         21,823           Less: current portion         (316,386)         (75,351)         (391,737)         (346,694)           Total long-term liabilities         4,553,152         1,089,632         5,642,784         6,087,451           Total liabilities         5,128,975         1,376,154         6,505,129         6,937,512           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred pension inflows         230,748         49,524         280,272         413,365           Leases         1,195,775         1,195,775         1,285,658           OPEB - group life insurance plan inflows         21,799         7,196         28,955         33,384           Deferred revenue         1,748,664         1,692,551         1,748,664         1,692,551           NET POSITION         1,056,971<	Long-term liabilities:									
Net pension liability         43,026         9,234         52,260         196,479           General obligation debt         4,540,000         1,120,000         5,060,000         5,980,000           Debt premium         160,923         171,988           OPEB - group life insurance plan         19,795         6,535         26,330         21,823           Less: current portion         (316,386)         (75,351)         (391,737)         (346,694)           Total long-term liabilities         4,553,152         1,089,632         5,642,784         6,087,451           Total liabilities         5,128,975         1,376,154         6,505,129         6,937,512           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred pension inflows         230,748         49,524         280,272         413,365           Leases         1,195,775         1,195,775         1,285,658           OPEB - group life insurance plan inflows         21,799         7,196         28,995         35,384           Deferred revenue         1,748,664         1,748,664         1,692,551           Total deferred inflows of resources         3,196,986         56,720         3,253,706         3,426,958           NET POSITION           Net inves			105,794		29,214		135,008		63,885	
General obligation debt         4,540,000         1,120,000         5,660,000         5,980,000           Debt premium         160,923         11,958         160,923         171,958           OPEB - group life insurance plan         19,795         6,535         26,330         21,823           Less: current portion         (316,386)         (75,351)         (391,737)         (346,694)           Total long-term liabilities         4,553,152         1,089,632         5,642,784         6,087,451           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred pension inflows         230,748         49,524         280,272         413,365           Leases         1,195,775         1,195,775         1,285,658           OPEB - group life insurance plan inflows         21,799         7,196         28,995         35,384           Deferred revenue         1,748,664         1,748,664         1,692,551           Total deferred inflows of resources         3,196,986         56,720         3,253,706         3,426,958           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         4,860,609         4,993,053         9,853,662         9,790,315           Restricted for:         10,50,71         3,440,21         39,506			43,026		9,234		52,260		196,479	
Debt premium         160,923         160,923         171,958           OPEB - group life insurance plan         19,795         6,535         26,330         21,823           Less: current portion         (316,386)         (75,351)         (391,737)         (346,694)           Total long-term liabilities         4,553,152         1,089,632         5,642,784         6,087,451           Total liabilities         5,128,975         1,376,154         6,505,129         6,937,512           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred pension inflows         230,748         49,524         280,272         413,365           Leases         1,195,775         1,195,775         1,285,658           OPEB - group life insurance plan inflows         21,799         7,196         28,995         35,384           Deferred revenue         1,748,664         1,748,664         1,692,551           Total deferred inflows of resources         3,196,986         56,720         3,253,706         3,426,958           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         4,860,609         4,993,053         9,853,662         9,790,315           Restricted for:         2         1,056,971         44,021         39,506									5,980,000	
OPEB - group life insurance plan         19,795         6,535         26,330         21,823           Less: current portion         (316,386)         (75,351)         (391,737)         (346,694)           Total long-term liabilities         4,553,152         1,089,632         5,642,784         6,087,451           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred pension inflows         230,748         49,524         280,272         413,365           Leases         1,195,775         1,195,775         1,285,658           OPEB - group life insurance plan inflows         21,799         7,196         28,995         35,384           Deferred revenue         1,748,664         1,748,664         1,692,551           Total deferred inflows of resources         3,196,986         56,720         3,253,706         3,426,958           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         4,860,609         4,993,053         9,853,662         9,790,315           Restricted for:         5         184,405         184,405         184,405         176,818           Prairie Sanitary District improvements         44,021         44,021         39,506           TIF expenditures         96,106         96,106         114,128			160,923		, ,					
Less: current portion         (316,386)         (75,351)         (391,737)         (346,694)           Total long-term liabilities         4,553,152         1,089,632         5,642,784         6,087,451           Total liabilities         5,128,975         1,376,154         6,505,129         6,937,512           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred pension inflows         230,748         49,524         280,272         413,365           Leases         1,195,775         1,195,775         1,285,658           OPEB - group life insurance plan inflows         21,799         7,196         28,995         35,384           Deferred revenue         1,748,664         1,748,664         1,748,664         1,692,551           Total deferred inflows of resources         3,196,986         56,720         3,253,06         3,26,958           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         4,860,609         4,993,053         9,853,662         9,790,315           Restricted for:         184,405         184,405         184,405         176,818           Prairie Sanitary District improvements         44,021         44,021         39,506           Till expenditures         96,106         96,106         114,128					6,535					
Total liabilities   5,128,975   1,376,154   6,505,129   6,937,512			*		*		•			
Total liabilities   5,128,975   1,376,154   6,505,129   6,937,512	Total long tarm liabilities		1 552 152		1 090 632		5 642 784			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred pension inflows         230,748         49,524         280,272         413,365           Leases         1,195,775         1,195,775         1,285,658           OPEB - group life insurance plan inflows         21,799         7,196         28,995         35,384           Deferred revenue         1,748,664         1,748,664         1,692,551           Total deferred inflows of resources         3,196,986         56,720         3,253,706         3,426,958           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         4,860,609         4,993,053         9,853,662         9,790,315           Restricted for:         DNR replacement fund         184,405         184,405         176,818           Prairie Sanitary District improvements         44,021         44,021         39,506           TIF expenditures         96,106         96,106         114,128           Library         59,762           Economic development         5,748         5,748         5,748           Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532	Total long-term habilities		4,333,132		1,089,032		3,042,764		0,067,431	
Deferred pension inflows         230,748         49,524         280,272         413,365           Leases         1,195,775         1,195,775         1,285,658           OPEB - group life insurance plan inflows         21,799         7,196         28,995         35,384           Deferred revenue         1,748,664         1,748,664         1,692,551           Total deferred inflows of resources         3,196,986         56,720         3,253,706         3,426,958           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         4,860,609         4,993,053         9,853,662         9,790,315           Restricted for:         DNR replacement fund         184,405         184,405         176,818           Prairie Sanitary District improvements         44,021         44,021         39,506           TIF expenditures         96,106         96,106         114,128           Library         59,762           Economic development         5,748         5,748         5,748           Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total liabilities, deferred inflows	Total liabilities		5,128,975		1,376,154		6,505,129		6,937,512	
Deferred pension inflows         230,748         49,524         280,272         413,365           Leases         1,195,775         1,195,775         1,285,658           OPEB - group life insurance plan inflows         21,799         7,196         28,995         35,384           Deferred revenue         1,748,664         1,748,664         1,692,551           Total deferred inflows of resources         3,196,986         56,720         3,253,706         3,426,958           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         4,860,609         4,993,053         9,853,662         9,790,315           Restricted for:         DNR replacement fund         184,405         184,405         176,818           Prairie Sanitary District improvements         44,021         44,021         39,506           TIF expenditures         96,106         96,106         114,128           Library         59,762           Economic development         5,748         5,748         5,748           Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total liabilities, deferred inflows	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Leases         1,195,775         1,195,775         1,285,658           OPEB - group life insurance plan inflows         21,799         7,196         28,995         35,384           Deferred revenue         1,748,664         1,748,664         1,748,664         1,692,551           Total deferred inflows of resources         3,196,986         56,720         3,253,706         3,426,958           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         4,860,609         4,993,053         9,853,662         9,790,315           Restricted for:         DNR replacement fund         184,405         184,405         176,818           Prairie Sanitary District improvements         44,021         44,021         39,506           TIF expenditures         96,106         96,106         114,128           Library         5,748         5,748         5,748           Conomic development         5,748         5,748         5,748           Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total net position         6,393,318         8,297,096         14,690,414         13,967,902			230,748		49,524		280,272		413,365	
OPEB - group life insurance plan inflows         21,799         7,196         28,995         35,384           Deferred revenue         1,748,664         1,748,664         1,692,551           Total deferred inflows of resources         3,196,986         56,720         3,253,706         3,426,958           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         4,860,609         4,993,053         9,853,662         9,790,315           Restricted for:         DNR replacement fund         184,405         184,405         176,818           Prairie Sanitary District improvements         44,021         44,021         39,506           TIF expenditures         96,106         96,106         114,128           Library         59,762         59,762           Economic development         5,748         5,748         5,748           Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total net position         6,393,318         8,297,096         14,690,414         13,967,902							1,195,775			
Deferred revenue         1,748,664         1,748,664         1,692,551           Total deferred inflows of resources         3,196,986         56,720         3,253,706         3,426,958           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         4,860,609         4,993,053         9,853,662         9,790,315           Restricted for:         TON Preplacement fund         184,405         184,405         176,818           Prairie Sanitary District improvements         44,021         44,021         39,506           TIF expenditures         96,106         96,106         114,128           Library         59,762         59,762           Economic development         5,748         5,748         5,748           Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total net position         6,393,318         8,297,096         14,690,414         13,967,902	OPEB - group life insurance plan inflows				7.196					
NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         4,860,609         4,993,053         9,853,662         9,790,315           Restricted for:         DNR replacement fund         184,405         184,405         176,818           Prairie Sanitary District improvements         44,021         44,021         39,506           TIF expenditures         96,106         96,106         114,128           Library         59,762           Economic development         5,748         5,748         5,748           Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total net position         6,393,318         8,297,096         14,690,414         13,967,902										
Net investment in capital assets         4,860,609         4,993,053         9,853,662         9,790,315           Restricted for:         DNR replacement fund         184,405         184,405         176,818           Prairie Sanitary District improvements         44,021         44,021         39,506           TIF expenditures         96,106         96,106         114,128           Library         59,762         59,762           Economic development         5,748         5,748         5,748           Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total net position         6,393,318         8,297,096         14,690,414         13,967,902	Total deferred inflows of resources		3,196,986		56,720		3,253,706		3,426,958	
Net investment in capital assets         4,860,609         4,993,053         9,853,662         9,790,315           Restricted for:         DNR replacement fund         184,405         184,405         176,818           Prairie Sanitary District improvements         44,021         44,021         39,506           TIF expenditures         96,106         96,106         114,128           Library         59,762         59,762           Economic development         5,748         5,748         5,748           Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total net position         6,393,318         8,297,096         14,690,414         13,967,902	NET POSTEVON									
Restricted for:           DNR replacement fund         184,405         184,405         176,818           Prairie Sanitary District improvements         44,021         44,021         39,506           TIF expenditures         96,106         96,106         114,128           Library         59,762         59,762           Economic development         5,748         5,748         5,748           Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total net position         6,393,318         8,297,096         14,690,414         13,967,902			1.000,000		4 002 052		0.952.663		0.700.215	
DNR replacement fund         184,405         184,405         176,818           Prairie Sanitary District improvements         44,021         44,021         39,506           TIF expenditures         96,106         96,106         114,128           Library         59,762         59,762           Economic development         5,748         5,748         5,748           Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total net position         6,393,318         8,297,096         14,690,414         13,967,902	_		4,860,609		4,993,053		9,853,662		9,790,315	
Prairie Sanitary District improvements         44,021         44,021         39,506           TIF expenditures         96,106         96,106         114,128           Library         59,762           Economic development         5,748         5,748         5,748           Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total net position         6,393,318         8,297,096         14,690,414         13,967,902					104 405		104 405		156010	
TIF expenditures         96,106         96,106         114,128           Library         59,762           Economic development         5,748         5,748         5,748           Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total net position         6,393,318         8,297,096         14,690,414         13,967,902           Total liabilities, deferred inflows									*	
Library         59,762           Economic development         5,748         5,748         5,748           Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total net position         6,393,318         8,297,096         14,690,414         13,967,902           Total liabilities, deferred inflows			0.540.5		44,021				•	
Economic development         5,748         5,748         5,748           Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total net position         6,393,318         8,297,096         14,690,414         13,967,902           Total liabilities, deferred inflows			96,106				96,106			
Other         1,056,971         1,056,971         1,032,093           Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total net position         6,393,318         8,297,096         14,690,414         13,967,902           Total liabilities, deferred inflows	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
Unrestricted         373,884         3,075,617         3,449,501         2,749,532           Total net position         6,393,318         8,297,096         14,690,414         13,967,902           Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
Total net position 6,393,318 8,297,096 14,690,414 13,967,902  Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	Unrestricted		373,884		3,075,617		3,449,501		2,749,532	
,	Total net position		6,393,318		8,297,096		14,690,414		13,967,902	
,	Total liabilities, deferred inflows									
	*	\$	14,719,279	\$	9,729,970	\$	24,449,249	\$	24,332,372	

#### Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin

#### Statement of Activities

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

(With Summarized Financial Information for the Year Ended December 31, 2023)

Net (Expenses) Revenue

					Prog	ram Revenue	s			and Changes in Net Position				
						Operating		Capital			Business-			
				Charges	(	Grants and	G	rants and	Go	overnmental	Type		Totals	
Functions/Programs	F	Expenses	f	or Services	C	ontributions	Co	ntributions		Activities	Activities	2024		2023
Primary Government:														
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	238,797	\$	129,052	\$		\$		\$	(109,745) \$		\$ (109)	,745) \$	(100,481)
Public safety		783,675		27,266		20,397				(736,012)		(736	,012)	(714,921)
Public works		601,179				164,818		103,667		(332,694)		(332	,694)	(310,804)
Sanitation		128,541		122,130		1,950				(4,461)			,461)	(8,478)
Leisure activities		509,347		123,166		57,232				(328,949)			,949)	(275,116)
Conservation and economic development		32,124								(32,124)			,124)	(23,149)
Interest and fiscal charges		114,338								(114,338)		(114		(122,054)
Total governmental activities		2,408,001		401,614		244,397		103,667		(1,658,323)		(1,658	,323)	(1,555,003)
Business-type activities:														
Water utility		310,986		517,426							206,440	206	,440	260,327
Sewer utility		573,643		546,965							(26,678)	(26	,678)	15,166
Total business-type activities		884,629		1,064,391							179,762	179	,762	275,493
Total primary government	\$	3,292,630	\$	1,466,005	\$	244,397	\$	103,667		(1,658,323)	179,762	(1,478	,561)	(1,279,510)
	Gen	eral revenues												
		roperty taxes	•											
		General purp	oses							694,491		694	.491	713,812
		Capital proje								503,447		503	,447	429,186
		Debt service								136,806		136	,806	135,207
		Tax increme	nts							234,567		234	,567	170,686
		Other taxes								4,217		4	,217	3,939
	F	ederal and sta	te aic	l not restricted	l for	specific purp	oses			199,648		199	,648	144,223
		nterest and inv								188,643	97,228	285	,871	292,903
	U	Inrealized gair	n/(los	s) on investm	ents					174,903		174	,903	144,426
	(I	Loss) on sale of	of fix	ed assets										(3,433)
	N	/liscellaneous								23,631		23	,631	18,758
		nsfers								61,653	(61,653)			
	,	Total general	reven	ues and trans	fers					2,222,006	35,575	2,257	,581	2,049,707
	•	Changes in ne	et pos	ition						563,683	215,337	779	,020	770,197
	Net I	Position - beg	innin	g of year, as p	revio	ously stated				5,861,167	8,106,735	13,967	,902	13,197,705
		Restatement f								(31,532)	(24,976)	(56	,508)	
	Net	position - beg	ginnir	ng of year, res	tated					5,829,635	8,081,759	13,911	,394	13,197,705
	Net	position - end	l of y	ear					\$	6,393,318 \$	8,297,096	\$ 14,690	,414 \$	13,967,902

## Exhibit A-3 Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin Balance Sheet

## Governmental Funds December 31, 2024

				Special Revenue							
			Capital			T		Other	<b>T</b>		
	General	In	nprovements Fund	Lamb Fund		Library Fund	G	overnmental Funds	 2024	tals	2023
ASSETS	 General		Tuliu	Tullu		Tullu		Tulius	2024		2023
Cash and investments	\$ 1,609,183	\$	908,512	\$ 932,645	\$	161,337	\$	303,449	\$ 3,915,126	\$	3,771,515
Receivables:	, ,		, .	, , , ,		- ,		,	-,, -		-,,-
Taxes	267,982		547,000			112,648		349,174	1,276,804		1,079,855
Other	18,807								18,807		
Special assessments	31,017								31,017		19,998
Leases	 1,177,996							73,604	1,251,600		1,326,623
Total assets	\$ 3,104,985	\$	1,455,512	\$ 932,645	\$	273,985	\$	726,227	\$ 6,493,354	\$	6,197,991
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$ 11,129	\$	666	\$	\$	196,615	\$	1,316	\$ 209,726	\$	208,949
Due to other funds	 21,787								21,787		16,884
Total liabilities	 32,916		666			196,615		1,316	231,513		225,833
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Leases	1,124,145							71,630	1,195,775		1,285,658
Deferred revenues	 757,275		547,000			112,648		430,875	1,847,798		1,777,762
Total deferred inflows of resources	 1,881,420		547,000			112,648		502,505	3,043,573		3,063,420
FUND BALANCE											
Nonspendable	53,851							60,776	114,627		107,631
Restricted	5,748			932,645				161,630	1,100,023		1,145,065
Assigned			907,846						907,846		662,059
Unassigned (deficit)	 1,131,050					(35,278)			1,095,772		993,983
Total fund balance	 1,190,649		907,846	932,645		(35,278)		222,406	3,218,268		2,908,738
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$ 3,104,985	\$	1,455,512	\$ 932,645	\$	273,985	\$	726,227	\$ 6,493,354	\$	6,197,991

#### Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet with the Statement of Net Position

#### December 31, 2024

		2024			2023
Total fund balances-governmental funds:		\$ 3,218,268		\$	2,908,738
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:					
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position:  Governmental capital assets  Governmental accumulated depreciation	12,436,851 (4,581,615)	7,855,236	12,196,535 (4,299,743)	<del>-</del>	7,896,792
Pension and OPEB deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are actuarially determined by the defined benefit pension plan.  These items are reflected in the statement of net position and are being amortized with pension and OPEB expense in the statement of activities.  The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not financial resources or uses and therefore are not reported in the fund statements.	S				
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources		392,476 (252,547)			589,225 (355,995)
Other long-term assets that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the fund statements.  Special assessments  Subsequent year tax equivalent from utility		37,481 61,653			25,810 59,401
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds statements. Long-term liabilities reported in the statement of net position that are not reported in the funds balance sheet are:					
General obligation debt Accrued interest Debt premium	(4,540,000) (49,711) (160,923)				(4,800,000) (54,044) (171,958)
OPEB - group life insurance plan Net pension liability Compensated absences	(19,795) (43,026) (105,794)	(4,919,249)			(16,167) (156,750) (63,885)
Net position-governmental activities		\$ 6,393,318		\$	5,861,167

#### Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

#### Governmental Funds

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

				Special Re				
					Formerly			
			Capital		 major Fund	Other		
		Imp	rovements	Lamb	•	ernmental	To	
	General		Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	2024	2023
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 590,560	\$	503,447	\$	\$ 108,148	\$ 371,373	\$ 1,573,528	\$ 1,452,829
Intergovernmental	409,100				112,729		521,829	470,094
Licenses and permits	6,552					27,499	34,051	22,744
Public charges for services	159,213						159,213	152,017
Special assessments	92,660						92,660	14,355
Fines and forfeitures	4,862				108		4,970	5,440
Interest/investment income	129,753		37,105	187,882	969	7,176	362,885	347,237
Miscellaneous	101,035		10,000		33,711	4,478	149,224	139,623
Total revenues	1,493,735		550,552	187,882	255,665	410,526	2,898,360	2,604,339
EXPENDITURES	, ,			,	,		, ,	, ,
Current:								
General government	213,802					5,478	219,280	187,860
Public safety	717,638					3,470	717,638	636,356
Public works	208.919						208,919	197,690
Sanitation	128,475						128,475	124,608
Leisure activities	128,176				316,023	9,325	453,524	407,749
Conservation & economic development	4,828				310,023	25,244	30,072	21,151
Capital outlay:	1,020					23,211	30,072	21,131
General government			800				800	3,934
Public safety			69,806				69,806	86,608
Public works			180,671				180,671	1,323,601
Economic development			,			2,052	2,052	1,998
Leisure activities			53,488		193,800	_, -,	247,288	53,632
Debt service:			22,.00		170,000		2.7,200	22,022
Principal						260,000	260,000	145,000
Interest and fiscal charges						129,706	129,706	135,506
Total expenditures	1,401,838		304,765		509,823	431,805	2,648,231	3,325,693
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	91,897		245,787	187,882	(254,158)	(21,279)	250,129	(721,354)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets								1,635
Transfers in	59,401				159,118	221	218,740	63,850
Transfers out	39,401			(158,918)	139,110	(421)	(159,339)	(896)
Transfers out				(130,910)		(421)	(139,339)	(890)
Total other financing sources (uses)	59,401			(158,918)	159,118	(200)	59,401	64,589
Net change in fund balances	151,298		245,787	28,964	(95,040)	(21,479)	309,530	(656,765)
Fund balance - beginning of year, as previously stated Change within financial reporting entity	1,039,351		662,059	903,681	50.5.2	303,647	2,908,738	3,565,503
(nonmajor to major fund)	1 020 251		660.050	002 (01	59,762	(59,762)	2.000.720	2 565 502
Fund balance - beginning of year, restated	1,039,351		662,059	903,681	59,762	243,885	2,908,738	3,565,503
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 1,190,649	\$	907,846	\$ 932,645	\$ (35,278)	\$ 222,406	\$ 3,218,268	\$ 2,908,738

#### Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin

# Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		2024		2023
Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$	309,530		\$ (656,765)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:				
The acquisition of capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures.  However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation in the statement of activities.  Capital outlay reported in governmental fund statements  Depreciation expenses reported in the statement of activities  Amount by which capital outlays are greater (less) than depreciation in the current period	307,105 (348,661)	(41,556)	1,355,756 (316,069)	1,039,687
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase (decrease) net position.				(7,901)
Vested employee benefits and OPEB are reported in the governmental funds when amounts				
are paid. The statement of activities reports the amount earned during the year.  Change in compensated absences  Change in OPEB - group life insurance plan liability and related deferred outflows		(10,377)		(4,028)
and inflows of resources		966		1,885
In governmental funds, special assessment collections are reflected as revenue when received. In the statement of activities, revenue is recognized when assessed.				
Amount assessed is greater (less) than collected by:		11,671		(13,433)
In governmental funds, the current year utility tax equivalent is deferred and recognized as revenue in the subsequent year. In the statement of activities, this amount is recognized as a transfer in the year accrued.  Prior year utility tax equivalent recognized as revenue in current year in the governmental funds  Current year utility tax equivalent recognized as a transfer in for the statement of activities	(59,401) 61,653		(62,954) 59,401	
In governmental funds, interest payments on outstanding debt are reported as an		2,252		(3,553)
expenditure when paid. In the statement of activities, interest is reported as incurred.  The amount of interest paid in the current period  The amount of interest accrued during the current period  Interest paid is greater (less) than interest expensed by:	129,706 (125,373)	4,333	135,506 (133,089)	2,417
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net position and does not affect the statement of activities				
The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year is:		260,000		145,000
Debt premiums are reported in the governmental funds as revenues when those amounts are received. However, the premium is shown in the statement of net position and allocated over the life of the debt issue in the statement of activities		11 025		11.025
Amount of debt premium amortized during the current year		11,035		11,035
Pension expense reported in the governmental funds represents current year required contributions into the defined benefit pension plan.  Pension expense in the statement of activities is actuarially determined by the defined benefit pension plan as the difference between the net pension liability from the prior year to the current year, with some adjustments.  Difference between the required contributions into the defined benefit plan and				
the actuarially determined change in net pension liability between years, with adjustments		15,829	-	(49,407)
Change in net position-governmental activities	\$	563,683	<del>-</del>	\$ 464,937

## Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin

## Statement of Net Position

## Proprietary Funds December 31, 2024

	Water	Sewer	То	tals
	Utility	Utility	2024	2023
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 1,299,458	\$ 1,774,881	\$ 3,074,339	\$ 2,682,169
Restricted cash:				
Replacement fund		184,405	184,405	176,818
Receivables:				
Customers	88,338	147,207	235,545	235,107
Due from other governmental units		4,057	4,057	6,405
Due from other funds	8,972	12,815	21,787	16,884
Materials and supplies	11,772		11,772	9,746
Total current assets	1,408,540	2,123,365	3,531,905	3,127,129
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Property and plant, net of accumulated depreciation	2,972,349	3,140,704	6,113,053	6,388,150
Total assets	4,380,889	5,264,069	9,644,958	9,515,279
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
	25.460	47.222	92 702	147.670
Deferred pension outflows	35,469	47,323	82,792	147,679
OPEB - group life insurance plan outflows	1,092	1,128	2,220	2,290
Total deferred outflows of resources	36,561	48,451	85,012	149,969
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 4,417,450	\$ 5,312,520	\$ 9,729,970	\$ 9,665,248

## Exhibit A-7 (Continued)

## Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin

## Statement of Net Position

## Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2024

		Water	Vater Sewer		To	als	
		Utility	Utility	y	2024		2023
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	3,350	\$ 2,	772	\$ 6,122	\$	34,216
Unearned revenue		171,761			171,761		171,761
Due to other governments			20,	954	20,954		21,064
Accrued interest		5,245	7,	089	12,334		13,333
Current maturities of long-term debt		25,000	35,	000	60,000		60,000
Current portion of compensated absences	_	8,309	7,	042	15,351		
Total current liabilities		213,665	72,	857	286,522		300,374
Long-term liabilities:							
OPEB - group life insurance plan		3,215	3,	320	6,535		5,656
Net pension liability		3,956	5,	278	9,234		39,729
Compensated absences		15,606	13,	608	29,214		
General obligation debt		475,000	645,	000	1,120,000		1,180,000
Less: current portion		(33,309)	(42,	042)	(75,351)		(60,000)
Total long-term liabilities		464,468	625,	164	1,089,632		1,165,385
Total liabilities		678,133	698,	021	1,376,154		1,465,759
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred pension inflows		21,217	28,	307	49,524		83,583
OPEB - group life insurance plan inflows		3,540	3,	656	7,196		9,171
Total deferred inflows of resources		24,757	31,	963	56,720		92,754
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		2,497,349	2,495,	704	4,993,053		5,208,150
Restricted for:			104	405	104 405		156010
DNR replacement fund			184,		184,405		176,818
Prairie Sanitary District improvements		1 017 011		021	44,021		39,506
Unrestricted		1,217,211	1,858,	406	3,075,617		2,682,261
Total net position		3,714,560	4,582,	536	8,297,096		8,106,735
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,							
and net position	\$	4,417,450	\$ 5,312,	520	\$ 9,729,970	\$	9,665,248

## Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

## Proprietary Funds

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Water	Sewer	Tota			
	Utility	Utility	2024		2023	
OPERATING REVENUES						
Sales of water	\$ 511,315	\$	\$ 511,315	\$	530,806	
Sewage service charge		542,597	542,597		527,279	
Other	 6,111	4,368	10,479		10,817	
Total operating revenues	517,426	546,965	1,064,391		1,068,902	
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Operation and maintenance	172,808	320,451	493,259		408,769	
Depreciation	121,578	229,697	351,275		342,498	
Taxes	 3,428	5,665	9,093		8,741	
Total operating expenses	 297,814	555,813	853,627		760,008	
Operating income (loss)	219,612	(8,848)	210,764		308,894	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest income	24,211	73,017	97,228		89,168	
Interest expense	 (13,172)	(17,830)	(31,002)		(33,401)	
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	11,039	55,187	66,226		55,767	
Income before contributions and transfers	230,651	46,339	276,990		364,661	
Transfer of tax equivalent	 (61,653)		(61,653)		(59,401)	
Change in net position	 168,998	46,339	215,337		305,260	
Net position - beginning of year, as previously stated	3,557,774	4,548,961	8,106,735		7,801,475	
Restatement for change in accounting principle	 (12,212)	 (12,764)	 (24,976)			
Net position - beginning of year, restated	3,545,562	4,536,197	8,081,759		7,801,475	
Net position - end of year	\$ 3,714,560	\$ 4,582,536	\$ 8,297,096	\$	8,106,735	

## Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin

#### Statement of Cash Flows

## Proprietary Funds

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Enterprise Funds							
		Water		Sewer			tals	
		Utility		Utility		2024		2023
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED BY) OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Received from customers	\$	516,575	\$	547,378	\$	1,063,953	\$	1,059,860
Payments to employees	Ψ	(57,104)	Ψ	(75,896)	Ψ	(133,000)	Ψ	(129,953)
Payments for employee benefits		(33,891)		(45,027)		(78,918)		(69,622)
Payments to suppliers		(98,704)		(218,691)		(317,395)		(166,468)
Net cash flows from (used by) operating activities		326,876		207,764		534,640		693,817
CASH FLOWS (USED BY) NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVIT	IES							
Paid to municipality for tax equivalent		(61,653)				(61,653)		(59,401)
CASH FLOWS (USED BY) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(42.126)		(40.550)		(02.605)		(717.662)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets  Transfer of unearned grant proceeds from sewer utility to water utility		(42,136)		(40,559)		(82,695)		(717,663)
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets		(25,000)		(25,000)		(60,000)		13,885
Principal payments on long-term debt Interest paid		(25,000) (10,194)		(35,000)		(60,000)		(60,000)
interest paid		(10,194)		(17,569)		(27,763)		(34,401)
Net cash flows (used by) capital and related								
financing activities		(77,330)		(93,128)		(170,458)		(798,180)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Investment income		24,211		73,017		97,228		89,168
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		212,104		187,653		399,757		(74,596)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		1,087,354		1,771,633		2,858,987		2,933,583
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	1,299,458	\$	1,959,286	\$	3,258,744	\$	2,858,987
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION ACCOUNTS								
Cash and investments	\$	1,299,458	\$	1,774,881	\$	3,074,339	\$	2,682,169
Replacement fund				184,405		184,405		176,818
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,299,458	\$	1,959,286	\$	3,258,744	\$	2,858,987

#### Exhibit A-9 (Continued)

#### Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin

#### Statement of Cash Flows

## Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Enterprise Funds							
	Water			Sewer Utility		Totals		
		Utility				2024		2023
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating income (loss)	\$	219,612	\$	(8,848)	\$	210,764	\$	308,894
Noncash items in operating income:								
Depreciation expense		128,095		229,697		357,792		348,730
Pension expense		441		(108)		333		6,109
Life insurance expense		(596)		(430)		(1,026)		71
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
Customer accounts receivable		(851)		413		(438)		(9,042)
Prepaids								16,788
Due from other funds		(1,386)		(3,517)		(4,903)		1,164
Due from other governments				2,348		2,348		(579)
Inventories		(2,026)				(2,026)		981
Accounts payable		(16,413)		(11,681)		(28,094)		21,081
Due to other governments				(110)		(110)		(380)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	326,876	\$	207,764	\$	534,640	\$	693,817

## Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

# Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2024

	Cus	todial Fund						
	Tax Collection			Totals				
		Fund	2024		2023			
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	716,783	\$	716,783	\$ 755,703			
Taxes receivable		1,894,744		1,894,744	2,052,279			
Total assets	\$	2,611,527	\$	2,611,527	\$ 2,807,982			
LIABILITIES								
Due to other governmental units	\$	2,611,527	\$	2,611,527	\$ 2,807,982			
NET POSITION Restricted								
Total liabilities and net position	\$	2,611,527	\$	2,611,527	\$ 2,807,982			

## Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin

## Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

## Fiduciary Funds

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Cu	stodial Fund					
	Ta	x Collection	•	Totals			
	Fund		2024		2023		
ADDITIONS Property tax collections for other governments	\$	1,737,850	\$ 1	1,737,850	\$ 1,763,479		
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Property tax collections paid or owed to other governments		1,737,850	1	1,737,850	1,763,479		
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position							
Net position - beginning of year							
Net position - end of year	\$		\$		\$		



Note 1.	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies		18
A.	Reporting Entity		18
B.	Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements	18 –	20
C.	Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation	21 –	22
D.	Cash and Cash Equivalents/Investments		22
E.	Receivables	22 –	23
F.	Inventories		23
G.	Restricted Assets		24
H.	Capital Assets		24
I.	Unearned Revenue		25
J.	Compensated Absences		25
K.	Long-Term Obligations		25
L.	Claims and Judgments		25
M.	Equity Classifications	26 –	27
N.	Risk Management		27
O.	Encumbrances		28
P.	Regulation of Municipal Utilities		28
Q.	Nature of Operation		28
R.	Summarized Comparative Data		28
S.	Interfund Transfers and Transactions		28
T.	Income Tax		28
U.	Pensions		29
V.	Other Postemployment Benefits		29
W.	Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources		29
X.	Change in Accounting Principles		30
Note 2.	Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental		
	Fund Statements and Government-Wide Statements		30
Note 3.	Cash and Investments		
Note 4.	Capital Assets		
Note 5.	Long-Term Obligations		
Note 6.	Leases		38
Note 7.	Defined Benefit Pension Plan	39 –	44
Note 8.	Other Postemployment Benefits – Multiple-Employer Life Insurance Plan		
Note 9.	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Note 10.	Joint Ventures		49
Note 11.	Golf Course		49
Note 12.	Tax Incremental District	49 –	50
Note 13.	DNR Replacement Fund		50
Note 14.	Interfund Receivables/Payables and Transfers	50 –	51
Note 15.	Concentration of Risk.		51
Note 16.	Net Position		51
Note 17.	Governmental Fund Balances.		52
Note 18.	Tax Levy Limit.		53
Note 19.	Change in Accounting Principle.		53
Note 20.	Change in Reporting Entity		
Note 21.	Effect of New Accounting Standard on Current Period Financial Statements		53
Note 22	Commitments/Subsequent Events		54

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the Village are described below:

#### A. Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds and account groups of the Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin. The reporting entity for the Village consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or burdens on the primary government. The primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government.

Excluded from the reporting entity:

#### Spring Green Fire District

The financial statements exclude the accounts of the Spring Green Fire District, because the district has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent.

#### Spring Green Golf Club

The financial statements exclude the accounts of the Spring Green Golf Club, because it is a legally separate entity with its own officers and is fiscally independent.

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from a legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Funds are organized in major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund that met the 10 percent test is at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or proprietary fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

#### Major Governmental Funds:

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – Accounts for the Village's primary operating activities. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Improvements Fund – Accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of equipment and/or major capital facilities.

Lamb Fund – Accounts for the activity of the Lamb Endowment Fund. This fund helps support the Spring Green Community Library.

Library Fund – Accounts for the activity of the Spring Green Community Library.

#### Major Enterprise Funds:

The Village reports the following major enterprise funds:

Sewer Utility – Accounts for operation of the sewer system.

Water Utility – Accounts for operation of the water system.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

The Village reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Debt Service Fund – Accounts for all financial resources restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

TIF #6 Capital Projects Fund – Accounts for the activity of tax incremental district No. 6, including the payment of long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Special Revenue Funds – Accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

- Skateboard Park Fund
- Post Office Fund
- Zoning/Building Permit Fund
- Steepes/Amesbury

Permanent Funds – Accounts for resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the Village's programs.

- Bossard Fund
- Amesbury Fund
- Van Slyke Fund
- Pension Fund

#### Fiduciary Funds (Not included in Government-Wide Statements):

Fiduciary funds consist of pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, investment trust funds, and custodial funds. Fiduciary funds should be used only to report resources held for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. A fund is presented as a fiduciary fund when all of the following criteria are met: a) the government controls the assets that finance the activity, b) assets are not generated from the government's own-source revenues or from government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions, c) assets are administered through a qualifying trust or the government does not have administrative involvement and the assets are not generated from the government's delivery of goods or services to the beneficiaries, or the assets are for the benefit of entities that are not part of the government's reporting entity.

The Village reports the following fiduciary fund:

Custodial Funds – used to account for assets held by the Village in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units. The Village accounts for tax collections payable to overlying taxing jurisdictions in the Tax Collection Fund.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Village's water and sewer utility and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows of resources. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the Village is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the Village which are not available are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources. Resources (typically cash) received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as assets and offset by unearned revenue (a liability) unless only a time requirement has not been met. In that case, deferred inflows of resources are reported rather than a liability.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and deferred inflows of resources.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments, and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Village reports deferred inflows of resources on its governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows of resources arise from taxes levied in the current year, which are for subsequent year's operations. For governmental fund financial statements, deferred inflows of resources arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, the deferred inflows of resources are removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

The proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and sewer utility are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administration expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### D. Cash and Cash Equivalents/Investments

The Village has pooled the cash resources of its funds in order to maximize investment opportunities. Each fund's portion of total cash and investments is reported as cash and cash equivalents/investments by the Village's individual major funds, and in the aggregate for nonmajor and custodial funds.

All deposits of the Village are made in board designated official depositories and are secured as required by State Statute. The Village may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association. Also, the Village may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

Investments with remaining maturities at the time of purchase of one year or less are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and nonmoney market investments are carried at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

#### E. Receivables

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the Village, taxes are collected for and remitted to the state and county governments as well as the local school district and technical college district. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units in the accompanying agency fund balance sheet.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### E. Receivables (Continued)

Property tax calendar - 2024 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date	December 2024
Tax bills mailed	December 2024
Payment in full, or	January 31, 2025
First installment due	January 31, 2025
Second installment due	July 31, 2025

Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the county, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the Village and the utilities because they have the right by law to place delinquent bills on the tax roll.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds," long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation.

#### Lease Receivable

The Village's lease receivables are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term.

Deferred inflows of resources are recorded for the leases. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Leases – in the governmental funds, when the year-end receivable balance exceeds the deferred inflow of resources, the difference is presented as nonspendable fund balance.

#### F. Inventories

Inventories of governmental fund types consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. Such items, which are not material, are considered expenditures when purchased and, accordingly, are not reflected on the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds.

Inventories of proprietary fund types are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method and are charged as expenses or are capitalized when used.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### G. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

#### H. Capital Assets

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$2,000 for machinery and equipment, \$2,500 for vehicles, \$12,500 for improvements to land, \$25,000 for buildings and related improvements, and \$100,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life of two (2) years or more. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are reported at acquisition value.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead, and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

	Years
Buildings	20-40
Machinery and Equipment	5-10
Land improvements	10-30
Vehicles	5-10
Utility System	31-48
Infrastructure	20-40

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### I. Unearned Revenue

The Village reports unearned revenue on its Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds. Unearned revenue arises when resources are received before the Village has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the Village has a legal claim to the resources, the unearned revenue is removed from the statement of net position and revenue is recognized.

## J. Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Benefits considered more likely than not to be used or settled at termination are recognized in the financial statements.

Amounts of accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. A liability is also recorded for accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits for the portion more likely than not to be used by employees. Additionally, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that it is estimated will more likely than not to be paid upon termination. The Village accrues salary-related payments associated with payments of compensated absences.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2024 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

#### K. Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

## L. Claims and Judgments

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. Claims and judgments that would normally be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are recorded during the year as expenditures in the governmental funds. If they are not to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, no liability is recognized in the governmental fund statements. The related expenditure is recognized when the liability is liquidated. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred. There were no significant claims or judgments at year-end.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### M. Equity Classifications

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Fund Statements**

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable includes amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted includes amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government) through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed includes amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Village Board, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Village Board takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned includes amounts the Village Board intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be
  expressed by the Village Board or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the
  authority. All remaining positive spendable amounts in governmental funds, other than the general fund,
  that are neither restricted nor committed may be assigned. Assignments may take place after the end of
  the reporting period.
- Unassigned includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified
  within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative fund
  balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for
  those purposes.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### M. Equity Classifications (Continued)

The Village Board of the Village of Spring Green, as the Village's highest level of decision-making authority, may commit fund balance for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal actions taken, such as a majority vote or resolution. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Village Board removes or changes the specific use through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment. Village Board action to commit fund balance needs to occur within the calendar year, no later than December 31<sup>st</sup>; however, the amount can be determined subsequent to the release of the financial statements. At the time of adoption of this policy, the Village does not have any reserves that meet this component of fund balance.

Amounts that are constrained by the Village's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, should be reported as assigned fund balance. Village policy delegates the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes to the Clerk/Treasurer for the purpose of reporting these amounts in the annual financial statements. Any funds set aside as assigned fund balance must be reported to the Village Board at their next regular meeting. The Board has the authority to remove or change the assignment of the funds with a simple majority vote.

The Board has the authority to set aside funds for the intended use of a specific purpose. Any funds set aside as assigned fund balance requires a simple majority vote and must be recorded in the minutes. The same action is required to change or remove the assignment.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual amount of fund balance in the general fund. It represents the resources available for future spending. An appropriate level of unassigned fund balance should be maintained in the general fund in order to cover unexpected expenditures and revenue shortfalls.

Unassigned fund balance may be accessed in the event of unexpected expenditures up to the minimum established level upon approval of a budget revision by the Village Board. In the event of projected revenue shortfalls, it is the responsibility of the Clerk/Treasurer to report the projections to the Board.

The fund balance policy establishes a minimum unassigned fund balance equal to 30% of total general fund expenditures. In the event that the balance drops below the established minimum level, the Board will develop a plan to replenish the fund balance to the established minimum level in two years.

The Village considers restricted fund balances to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available. Similarly, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted classifications of fund balance could be used, the Village considers committed amounts to be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

#### N. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Village maintains commercial insurance coverage covering each of these risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Village. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### O. Encumbrances

Encumbrances outstanding represent the estimated amount of expenditures ultimately to result if unperformed contracts and open purchase orders at year-end are fulfilled. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not represent liabilities or expenditures. Encumbrance accounting applies only to governmental fund types. The Village does not use encumbrance accounting.

#### P. Regulation of Municipal Utilities

The Spring Green Water Utility operates under service rules, which are established by the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin. Rates charged are regulated by the Commission. The accounting records of the utility are maintained in accordance with the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the Public Service Commission. The Spring Green Sewer Utility is not regulated.

#### Q. Nature of Operation

The Spring Green Water and Sewer Utilities provide water and sewer service to properties within the Village of Spring Green and are managed by the Village Board.

#### R. Summarized Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year has been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the Village's financial position, operations, and cash flows. However, comparative (i.e., presentations of prior year totals by fund type) data has not been presented in each of the statements since their inclusion would make the statement unduly complex and difficult to read.

#### S. Interfund Transfers and Transactions

Transfers include the payment in lieu of taxes from the water utility to the general fund. Payments in lieu of taxes are treated as revenues in the general fund.

The general fund pays a fire protection charge to the water utility. In addition, the water and sewer utilities provide basic services to departments in the general fund. Charges for fire protection and basic services are recorded as expenditures in the general fund.

#### T. Income Tax

Municipal utilities are exempt from income taxes and therefore no income tax liability is recorded by the Spring Green Utilities.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### U. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net Pension Liability (Asset),
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions, and
- Pension Expense (Revenue).

Information about the fiduciary net position of the WRS and additions to/deductions from the WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### V. Other Postemployment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

#### OPEB Group Life Insurance Plan

- Net OPEB Liability (Asset),
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of resources Related to OPEBs, and
- OPEB Expense (Revenue).

Information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of member contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### W. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows of resources are for the WRS pension system and OPEB plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position which applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until then. The deferred inflows of resources are related to the WRS pension system, OPEB plan, leases, and other amounts described in Note 9.

The net position of the Village is significantly impacted by the combined effect of deferred outflows and inflows of resources from the Pension and OPEB plan.

#### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### X. Change in Accounting Principles

Effective January 1, 2024, the Village adopted GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. GASB 100 was issued to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error correction to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The Village did not have any error corrections requiring disclosure in the financial statements. See Note 20 for additional information on a change in reporting entity.

Effective January 1, 2024, the Village adopted GASB Statement No 101, *Compensated Absences*. GASB 101 was issued to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for compensated absences. As a result of adopting GASB 101, the Village has made changes to the way it recognizes and measures its compensated absence liability and adjustments to beginning net position were required for proprietary funds, government-wide, and business-type activities. See Note 19 for additional information.

# NOTE 2 EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used on the government fund statements and government-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items.

# **Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities**

Differences between the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance and the statement of activities fall into one of three broad categories.

- a. Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available," whereas the statement of activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the statement of activities.
- b. Capital related differences include (1) the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the statement of activities, and (2) the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements, and capitalization and recording depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the statement of activities.
- c. Long-term debt transaction differences occur because long-term debt proceeds are recorded as revenue and both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements. In the statement of activities, long-term debt proceeds are recorded as a liability, interest expense is recorded as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities.

#### NOTE 3 <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u>

At December 31, 2024, cash and investments included the following:

Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 6,949,504
Mutual fund	932,645
Deferred annuity contracts	8,284
Petty cash	220
Total cash and investments	\$ 7,890,653

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2024 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

#### Exhibit A-1:

Cash and investments	\$ 6,989,465
Cash and investments-restricted	184,405
Exhibit A-10:	
Cash and investments	 716,783
Total cash and investments	\$ 7,890,653

#### Investments Authorized by Wisconsin State Statutes

Investment of Village funds is restricted by state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank, trust company or savings and loan association.
- Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district of the state.
- Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- The local government investment pool.
- Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.
- Bonds issued by a local exposition district.
- Bonds issued by a local professional baseball park district.
- Bonds issued by the University of Wisconsin Hospital and Clinics Authority.
- Bonds issued by a local football stadium district.
- Bonds issued by a local arts district.
- Bonds issued by the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.

#### Note 3

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

The Village's investment policy states that to the extent possible, the Village will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the Village will not directly invest securities maturing more than three years from the date of purchase.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Village's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the Village's investments by maturity:

			Remaining Maturity					
Investment Type	I	Amount	0-1	12 months	13-24 months	25-3	36 months	
Certificates of deposit	\$	53,237	\$	43,237	\$	\$	10,000	
Mutual fund		932,645		932,645				
Totals	\$	985,882	\$	975,882	\$	\$	10,000	

#### Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds and mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Village's investment policy limits investments to those allowed in Wisconsin State Statutes. The policy further states that Village funds will not be invested in derivative type investments. At December 31, 2024, the Village's mutual fund investment was rated (4) Stars by Morningstar.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Village would not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, the Village would not be able to recover the value of its investment of collateral securities that are in possession of another party. The Village's investment policy limits deposits in financial institutions to the amount of the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Amounts exceeding this level must be collateralized by the financial institution or approved by the Village board.

#### NOTE 3 <u>Cash and Investments (Continued)</u>

#### Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) Insurance

The insurance coverage of public unit accounts depends upon the type of deposit and the location of the insured depository institution. All time and savings deposits owned by a public unit and held by the public unit's official custodian in an insured depository institution within the State in which the public unit is located are added together and insured up to \$250,000. Separately, all demand deposits owned by a public unit and held by the public unit's official custodian in an insured depository institution within the State in which the public unit is located are added together and insured up to \$250,000. For the purpose of these rules, the term 'time and savings deposits' includes NOW accounts and money market deposit accounts but does not include interest bearing demand deposit accounts. The term 'demand deposits' means both interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing deposits that are payable on demand and for which the depository institution does not reserve the right to require advance notice of an intended withdrawal.

#### Collateralization of Public Unit Deposits

Depending on applicable state or federal law, public unit deposits may be secured by collateral or assets of the bank. In the event of the failure of the bank, the FDIC will honor the collateralization agreement if the agreement is valid and enforceable under applicable law. The FDIC does not guarantee, however, that the collateral will be sufficient to cover the amount of the uninsured funds. As such, although it does not increase the insurance coverage of the public unit deposits, collateralization provides an avenue of recovery in the event of the failure of an insured bank.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$1,000,000. However, due to the relatively small size of the Guarantee Fund in relationship to the total deposits covered and other legal implications, recovery of material principal losses may be significant to individual organizations.

As of December 31, 2024, \$512,686 of Village deposits were insured by FDIC, \$6,296,557 was collateralized by securities pledged by financial institutions, and \$156,018 was in excess of federal depository insurance limits and uncollateralized. All of this amount would be insured by the Wisconsin Guarantee Fund provided funds are available at the time of any potential loss.

Fluctuating cash flows during the year due to tax collections, receipt of state aids and proceeds from borrowing may have resulted in balances temporarily exceeding insured amounts at the balance sheet date.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Village's investment in a single issuer. Government securities and investments in mutual funds are excluded from this risk. The Village places no limit on the amount the Village may invest in any one issuer.

#### NOTE 3 <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)</u>

#### Fair Value Measurement

Financial assets required to be measured on a recurring basis are classified under a three-tier hierarchy for fair value investments. Fair value is the amount that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to settle a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurements date.

The Village uses the following hierarchical disclosure framework:

Level 1 – Measurement based upon quoted prices for identical assets in an active market as of the reporting date.

Level 2 – Measurement based upon marketplace inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Measurement based on the Village's assumptions about a hypothetical marketplace because observable market inputs are not available as of the reporting date.

The Village uses appropriate valuation techniques based on the available inputs to measure the fair values of its assets and liabilities. When available, the Village measures fair value using Level 1 inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value. Level 3 inputs have the lowest priority.

	Assets at Fair Value as of December 31, 2024					
	Fa	ir Value	Level 1			
Mutual fund	\$	932,645	\$	932,645		

NOTE 4 <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

#### A) Governmental Activities

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

		Beginning			Ending
	_	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	\$	3,486,236 \$	246,011 \$	\$	3,732,247
Machinery and Equipment		515,500	61,094	(61,177)	515,417
Land Improvements		1,809,097		(5,612)	1,803,485
Vehicles		227,558			227,558
Infrastructure	_	6,158,144			6,158,144
Total capital assets	_	12,196,535	307,105	(66,789)	12,436,851
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings		(2,145,080)	(83,172)		(2,228,252)
Machinery and equipment		(336,867)	(36,329)	61,177	(312,019)
Land improvements		(293,496)	(49,645)	5,612	(337,529)
Vehicles		(145,648)	(22,901)		(168,549)
Infrastructure	_	(1,378,652)	(156,614)		(1,535,266)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(4,299,743)	(348,661)	66,789	(4,581,615)
Total net capital assets	\$	7,896,792 \$	(41,556) \$	\$	7,855,236

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities:**

General government	\$ 17,460
Public safety	54,936
Public works, which includes the depreciation of infrastructure	223,287
Leisure activities	52,978
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 348,661

#### Note 4

#### CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

#### B) Business Type Activities

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

		Beginning					Ending
		Balance		Additions	Removals	_	Balance
Business-type Activities:						-	
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Intangible plant							
Land and land rights	\$	53,256	\$		\$	\$	53,256
Construction work in progress				12,377		_	12,377
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	53,256		12,377		_	65,633
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Water:							
Source of supply plant		108,854					108,854
Pumping plant		265,055					265,055
Water treatment plant		2,740					2,740
Transmission and distribution plant		4,225,500		21,480	(3,680)		4,243,300
General plant		394,514		8,279			402,793
Sewer:							
Collection system and pumping plant		3,835,712		20,014	(17,772)		3,837,954
Treatment and disposal plant		2,652,190		12,266	(9,671)		2,654,785
General plant		638,983	_	8,279			647,262
Total capital assets, being depreciated		12,123,548		70,318	(31,123)	_	12,162,743
Total accumulated depreciation		(5,788,654)	_	(357,792)	31,123	_	(6,115,323)
Net capital assets being depreciated		6,334,894		(287,474)		_	6,047,420
Total net capital assets	\$	6,388,150	\$	(275,097)	\$	\$	6,113,053

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

#### **Business-type Activities:**

Water utility	\$	128,095
Sewer utility		229,697
Total		357,792
Less: allocated from water utility to sewer utility		(6,517)
Depreciation expense per exhibit A-8	\$	351,275
	_	

NOTE 5 <u>LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS</u>

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

						A	Amounts
	Beginning				Ending	Dι	ie Within
	Balance	Increases	Ι	Decreases	Balance	C	ne Year
Governmental Activities							
General obligation bonds	\$ 4,800,000	\$	\$	(260,000)	\$ 4,540,000	\$	260,000
Unamortized premium	171,958			(11,035)	160,923		
Other liabilities:							
Compensated absences	95,417	10,377			105,794		56,386
Total governmental activities							
long-term liabilities	\$ 5,067,375	\$ 10,377	\$	(271,035)	\$ 4,806,717	\$	316,386
Business-type Activities							
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,180,000	\$	\$	(60,000)	\$ 1,120,000	\$	60,000
Other liabilities:							
Compensated absences	24,976	4,238			29,214		15,351
Total business-type activities							
long-term liabilities	\$ 1,204,976	\$ 4,238	\$	(60,000)	\$ 1,149,214	\$	75,351

The change in compensated absences liability is presented as a net change.

All general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the Village. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the Village may not exceed five percent of the equalized value of taxable property within the Village's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2024 was \$12,708,595. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year-end was \$5,660,000.

	Date of	Final	Interest	Original		Balance
	Issue	Maturity	Rates	Amount		12/31/24
Governmental activities General Obligation Bonds	9/19/2019	9/19/2039	2.0 - 4.0%	\$ 5,170,000	\$	4,540,000
Business-type activities General Obligation Bonds	9/19/2019	9/19/2039	2.0 - 4.0%	\$ 1,420,000	\$	1,120,000

#### NOTE 5 <u>LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)</u>

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Gov	ernn	nental Activ	itie	s Busines				ness	ess Type Activities			
		Gene	ral (	Obligation E	Bon	ds	_		Gene	ral (	Obligation <b>E</b>	Bono	ds	
Years	Pr	rincipal		Interest		Total	_	P	rincipal		Interest		Total	
2025	\$	260,000	\$	119,306	\$	379,306	_	\$	60,000	\$	29,600	\$	89,600	
2026		260,000		108,906		368,906			60,000		27,200		87,200	
2027		265,000		98,506		363,506			65,000		24,800		89,800	
2028		265,000		87,906		352,906			70,000		22,200		92,200	
2029		295,000		77,306		372,306			70,000		19,400		89,400	
2030-2034	1	,675,000		290,275		1,965,275			370,000		75,419		445,419	
2035-2039	1	,520,000		97,939		1,617,939	_		425,000		31,643		456,643	
Totals	\$ 4	,540,000	\$	880,144	\$	5,420,144		\$	1,120,000	\$	230,262	\$	1,350,262	

NOTE 6 <u>Leases</u>

#### Lease Receivable

The Village has entered into lease arrangements where the Village leases a post office building and a tower and land. In the statement of activities, lease revenue for the year ended December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	Year	Year Ending				
Lease-related revenue	Decemb	December 31, 2024				
Lease revenue:						
Building	\$	56,455				
Land		33,428				
Interest revenue		24,993				
Total	\$	114,876				

Aggregate cash flows for the revenue generated by the lease receivable and interest at December 31, 2024 are as follows:

Years	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 76,447	\$ 23,687	\$ 100,134
2026	80,254	22,213	102,467
2027	81,782	20,685	102,467
2028	84,671	19,126	103,797
2029	90,306	17,478	107,784
2030-2034	436,062	61,236	497,298
2035-2039	331,183	24,909	356,092
2040-2043	70,895	790	71,685
Totals	\$ 1,251,600	\$ 190,124	\$ 1,441,724

#### Note 7

#### **DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN**

*Plan description*. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government, and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at <a href="https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements">https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</a>.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

**Vesting.** For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

**Benefits provided.** Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupations and 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

#### NOTE 7 <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

**Post-Retirement Adjustments**. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
Year	(%)	(%)
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0
2022	7.4	15.0
2023	1.6	(21.0)

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and executives and elected officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$43,626 in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2024 are:

<b>Employee Category</b>	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers, executives and elected officials)	6.90%	6.90%
Protective with Social Security	6.90%	14.30%
Protective without Social Security	6.90%	19.10%

#### NOTE 7 <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2024, the Village reported a liability (asset) of \$52,260 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022 rolled forward to December 31, 2023. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on the Village's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2023, the Village's proportion was 0.00351495%, which was an decrease of 0.000193810% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Village recognized pension expense of \$35,806.

Pension amounts have been allocated to the proprietary funds and business-type activities. Allocations were based on the proportionate share of current year contributions to the pension plan made by the proprietary funds and business-type activities relative to the total contributions made by the Village.

At December 31, 2024, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<b>Deferred Outflows</b>		<b>Deferred Inflows</b>	
	of Resources		0	f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	210,713	\$	(279,091)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension		182,119		
plan investments				
Changes in assumptions		22,778		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,715		(1,181)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		51,219		
Total	\$	468,544	\$	(280,272)

\$51,219 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Net D	Deferred Outflows
	(Inflows)
	of Resources
\$	28,269
	29,455
	114,290
	(34,961)
\$	137,053
	(

#### NOTE 7 <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

**Actuarial assumptions**. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2022		
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset):	December 31, 2023		
	January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020		
Experience Study:	Published November 19, 2021		
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal		
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value		
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	6.8%		
Discount Rate:	6.8%		
Salary Increases:			
Wage Inflation:	3.0%		
Seniority/Merit:	0.1% - 5.6%		
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table		
Post-Retirement Adjustments*	1.7%		

<sup>\*</sup> No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The total pension liability for December 31, 2023, is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation.

#### NOTE 7 <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

Long-term expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

l Expected Returns 1		
Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return % <sup>2</sup>
40	7.3	4.5
27	5.8	3.0
19	4.4	1.7
8	5.8	3.0
18	9.6	6.7
(12)	3.7	1.0
100	7.4	4.6
70	6.8	4.0
30	7.6	4.8
100	7.3	4.5
	40 27 19 8 18 (12) 100	Long-Term     Expected Nominal     Rate of Return %     40

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

Single Discount rate. A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 3.77% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2023. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.7%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. Currently, as asset allocation target of 12% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

#### NOTE 7 <u>DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)</u>

Sensitivity of the Village of Spring Green's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (5.80%)		Current Discount Rate (6.80%)		1% Increase to Discount Rate (7.80%)	
Village's proportionate share of the						
net pension liability (asset)	\$	505,122	\$	52,260	\$	(264,626)

**Pension plan fiduciary net position**. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at <a href="https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements">https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</a>.

#### NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER LIFE INSURANCE PLAN

**Plan description**. The Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible members.

*OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position*. ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at <a href="https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements">https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</a>.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

**Benefits provided**. The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

**Contributions.** The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

#### NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2024 are:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution		
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of Member Contribution		

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The member contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2023 are as listed below:

Life Insurance				
Membe	r Contribution R	ates*		
For the year	ended Decembe	er 31, 2023		
Attained Age	Basic	Supplemental		
Under 30	\$0.05	\$0.05		
30-34	0.06	0.06		
35-39	0.07	0.07		
40-44	0.08	0.08		
45-49	0.12	0.12		
50-54	0.22	0.22		
55-59	0.39	0.39		
60-64	0.49	0.49		
65-69	0.57	0.57		
*Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver				
of-premium benefit.				

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$116 in contributions from the employer.

#### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At December 31, 2024, the Village reported a liability (asset) of \$26,330 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset). The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2023 rolled forward to December 31, 2023. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the Village's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2023, the Village's proportion was 0.00572300%, which was a decrease of 0.00000500% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Village recognized OPEB revenue of \$1,865.

OPEB amounts have been allocated to the proprietary funds and business-type activities. Allocations were based on the proportionate share of current year contributions to the OPEB plan made by the proprietary fund and business-type activities relative to the total contributions made by the Village.

#### NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

At December 31, 2024, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Oı	Deferred utflows of desources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	(2,331)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		356		
Changes in actuarial assumptions		8,236		(10,368)
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions  Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		225 127		(16,296)
Totals	\$	8,944	\$	(28,995)

\$127 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from the Village employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense (revenue) as follows:

	Net Deferred		
Year Ended December	Outflows (Inflows) o		
31:	Resources		
2025	\$	(4,138)	
2026		(3,951)	
2027		(4,312)	
2028		(4,945)	
2029		(3,135)	
Thereafter		303	
Total	\$	(20,178)	

#### NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

**Actuarial assumptions**. The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	January 1, 2023
Measurement Date of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2023
Experience Study:	January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020, Published November 19, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield*:	3.26%
Long-Term Expected Rated of Return:	4.25%
Discount Rate:	3.32%
Salary Increases	
Wage Inflation:	3.00%
Seniority/Merit:	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

<sup>\*</sup>Based on the Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Index.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The total OPEB liability for December 31, 2023 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A- Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

Local OPEB Life Insurance						
	Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns					
	As of December 31, 2023					
			Long-Term Expected			
			Geometric Real Rate of			
Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Return			
US Intermediate Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Interim Credit	40%	2.32%			
US Mortgages	Bloomberg US MBS	60%	2.52%			
Inflation			2.30%			
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return			4.25%			

#### NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Single Discount rate. A single discount rate of 3.32% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 3.76% for the prior year. The change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 3.72% as of December 31, 2022 to 3.26% as of December 31, 2023. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Sensitivity of the Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 3.32 percent, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.32 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.32 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (2.32%)		Current Discount Rate (3.32%)		1% Increase to Discount Rate (4.32%)	
Village's proportionate share of the net						
OPEB liability (asset)	\$	35,377	\$	26,330	\$	19,423

#### Note 9 <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes receivable for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer inflow recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At December 31, 2024 the various components of deferred revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Property tax receivable	\$ 1,748,664
Special assessments not yet due	37,481
2024 tax equivalent from utility	61,653
Total deferred revenue for government funds	\$ 1,847,798

#### Note 10

#### **JOINT VENTURES**

The Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin and the Towns of Spring Green, Troy and Wyoming jointly operate the local fire district, which is called the Spring Green Fire Prevention District, and provides fire protection and ambulance service. The communities share in the operation of the district based on the ratio of equalized values.

The governing body is made up of citizens from each community. Local representatives are appointed by the board. The governing body has authority to adopt its own budget and control the financial affairs of the district.

An unaudited financial report of the Spring Green Fire District is available at the District offices in Spring Green.

The transactions of the district are not reflected in these financial statements. The Village paid \$144,720 to the District in 2024.

#### NOTE 11 GOLF COURSE

The Village presently owns land being used as a golf course. Per Village resolution, the users of the golf course are to operate and maintain it. The Spring Green Golf Club, Inc. is presently performing this function. The club treasurer maintains an unaudited financial report of the Spring Green Golf Club, Inc. The transactions of the Spring Green Golf Club, Inc. are not reflected in these financial statements.

The Village and the Golf Club have an agreement whereby the Golf Club will reimburse the Village for the cost of a 2005 golf course project. This amount is approximately \$165,000 and is to be paid out of the net income of the Club when the Club has net income. Because of the uncertainty of collection, the Village has not included this amount as a receivable and will recognize any repayments as revenue when received.

#### NOTE 12 TAX INCREMENTAL DISTRICT

The Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin Tax Incremental Financing District was created under the provisions of Wisconsin Statute Section 66.46. The purpose of that section is to allow a municipality to recover development and improvements costs in a designated area from the property taxes generated on the increased value of the property after the creation date of the Districts. The tax on the increased value is called a tax increment.

Project costs may be incurred up to five years before the District's mandatory termination date. The statutes allow the municipality to collect tax increments until the net project cost has been fully recovered, or for a maximum number of years. Project costs uncollected at the dissolution date are absorbed by the municipality.

		Last Date to Incur	Final Dissolution
	Creation Date	Project Cost	Date
District #6	4/12/17	4/12/33	4/12/38

#### NOTE 12 <u>TAX INCREMENTAL DISTRICT (CONTINUED)</u>

Following is the cumulative status of the TIF District as of December 31, 2024:

Revenues:	
Tax increment	\$ 925,906
Intergovernmental	343,961
Debt premium	131,181
Interest	9,140
Total revenues	1,410,188
Expenditures:	
Construction	3,598,519
Administrative	4,755
Professional services	83,779
Interest and fiscal charges	462,389
Debt issuance costs	69,640
Total expenditures	4,219,082
Amount to be recovered through future increments	\$ 2,808,894
Cash	\$ (96,106)
Long-term debt outstanding	2,905,000
Amount to be recovered through future increments	\$ 2,808,894

#### NOTE 13 <u>DNR REPLACEMENT FUND</u>

The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources required as a condition of the sewer grant that a replacement fund be established and funded on an annual basis. The balance at December 31, 2024 was \$184,405.

#### NOTE 14 <u>INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS</u>

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2024:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	Purpose
Proprietary Funds:			
Sewer utility	General	\$ 12,815	Delinquent utility bills on tax roll
Water utility	General	8,972	Delinquent utility bills on tax roll
	Total	\$ 21,787	

For the statement of net position, interfund balances which are owned within the governmental activities or business-type activities are netted and eliminated.

#### NOTE 14 <u>INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)</u>

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transfer To	Fund Transferred From	nd Transferred From Amount		Purpose
Governmental Funds:				
Library Fund	Lamb Trust Fund	\$	158,918	Roof costs
Library Fund	Steepes/Amesbury Fund		200	Operating
<b>Bossard Fund</b>	Amesbury Trust		221	Operating
General	Water utility		59,401	Tax equivalent
	Total	\$	218,740	
Proprietary Funds:				
General	Water utility	\$	61,653	Tax equivalent

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations and (3) move fund balances whose purpose has been removed.

#### NOTE 15 <u>CONCENTRATION OF RISK</u>

Approximately 53% of the sewer utility operating revenues and 24% of water utility operating revenues are provided by one customer.

#### NOTE 16 <u>NET POSITION</u>

Governmental activities net position at December 31, 2024 includes the following:

Net investment in capital assets:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 7,855,236
Less: related long-term debt outstanding	(2,994,627)
Total net investment in capital assets	4,860,609
Restricted for:	
Skateboard park	419
TIF expenditures	96,106
Library endowment:	
Expendable	937,645
Non-expendable	50,518
Pension fund	8,284
Economic development	5,748
Post office	16,740
Zoning/Building	43,365
Total restricted	1,158,825
Unrestricted	373,884
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 6,393,318

#### NOTE 16 <u>NET POSITION (CONTINUED)</u>

Business-type activities and proprietary fund net position at December 31, 2024 includes the following:

Net investment in capital assets	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 6,113,053
Less: related long-term debt outstanding	(1,120,000)
Total net investment in capital assets	4,993,053
Restricted for:	
DNR replacement fund	184,405
Improvements within Prairie Sanitary District	44,021
Total restricted	228,426
Unrestricted	3,075,617
Total net position	\$ 8,297,096

#### NOTE 17 <u>GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES</u>

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2024 includes the following:

0,518 8,284
8,284
5,825
4,627
5,748
6,106
419
6,740
3,365
7,645
0,023
7,846

The Library fund had a (deficit) unassigned fund balance as of December 31, 2024 of \$35,278.

#### Note 18

#### TAX LEVY LIMIT

Wisconsin Act 32 imposes a limit on the property tax levies for all Wisconsin cities, villages, towns and counties. Under 2011 Wisconsin Act 32, in 2011 and all future years, a municipality is allowed to increase its levy over the amount it levied in the prior year by the percentage increase in equalized value from net new construction or zero percent. All of the exceptions and modifications to levy limits that existed under previous law continue to apply.

In addition, as part of Wisconsin's Act 20 (2013), legislation was passed that further limits future tax levies. If the Village adopts a new fee or a fee increase for covered services (which were partly or wholly funded by property tax levy), the Village must reduce its levy limit in the current year by the amount of the new fee or fee increase, less any previous reductions. Covered services include garbage collection, snow plowing, and street sweeping.

#### NOTE 19

#### CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

A prior period adjustment has been recorded for the change in accounting principle effective January 1, 2024, as follows:

Net position, as previously reported
Change in accounting principle (GASB 101)
Net position, as restated

Reporting Units Affected by Adjustments to					
Funds Government-Wide					
Water	Sewer	Governmental Business-Type			
Utility	Utility	Activities	Activities		
\$ 3,557,774	\$ 4,548,961	\$ 5,861,167	\$ 8,106,735		
(12,212)	(12,764)	(31,532)	(24,976)		
\$ 3,545,562	\$ 4,536,197	\$ 5,829,635	\$ 8,081,759		

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 required net position in the water utility, sewer utility, governmental and business-type activities to be decreased. The decrease in net position was to reflect the Village's compensated absence liability at the beginning of the year.

#### Note 20

#### CHANGE IN REPORTING ENTITY

Effective January 1, 2024, changes within the financial reporting entity resulted in restatements of beginning fund balance, as follows:

		Other
Library	Go	overnmental
 Fund		Funds
\$ _	\$	303,647
 59,762		(59,762)
\$ 59,762	\$	243,885
\$	Fund \$ 59,762	Fund \$ \$ 59,762

#### NOTE 21 EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD ON CURRENT PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has adopted GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2024, GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting model Improvements*, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2025, and GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2025. When these become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

#### NOTE 22 COMMITMENTS/SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Prior to December 31, 2024, the Village approved the purchase of a generator at the WWTP for approximately \$21,000.

Subsequent to December 31, 2024, the Village approved testing for a possible site for well #3 not to exceed \$63,186.



Exhibit B-1
Required Supplementary Information
Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin
Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund
For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Variances-Positive (Negative) **Budgeted Amounts** Original Final Original Final Actual to Actual to Actual REVENUES \$ 590,643 \$ 590,643 \$ 590,560 \$ (83) \$ **Taxes** (83)Intergovernmental 410,110 410,110 409,100 (1,010)(1,010)Licenses and permits 6,380 172 172 6,380 6,552 Public charges for services 159,788 159,788 159,213 (575)(575)Special assessments 11,579 11,579 92,660 81,081 81,081 Fines and forfeitures 9,000 9,000 4,862 (4,138)(4,138)Interest 74,409 74,409 129,753 55,344 55,344 Miscellaneous 114,420 114,420 101,035 (13,385)(13,385)Total revenues 1,376,329 1,376,329 1,493,735 117,406 117,406 **EXPENDITURES** General government 216,076 216,076 213,802 2,274 2,274 Public safety 777,648 777,648 717,638 60,010 60,010 Public works and sanitation 337,394 332,694 337,395 (4,700)1 Health and human services 750 750 750 750 Leisure activities 113,562 128,176 128,176 (14,614)Conservation and economic development 6,649 6,649 4,828 1,821 1,821 Total expenditures 1,447,379 1,466,694 1,401,838 45,541 64,856 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (90,365) over expenditures (71,050)91,897 162,947 182,262 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from water utility - tax equivalent 71,050 71,050 59,401 (11,649)(11,649)Net change in fund balances (19,315)151,298 151,298 170,613 Fund balance - beginning of year 1,039,351 1,039,351 1,039,351 151,298 Fund balance - end of year \$1,039,351 \$1,020,036 \$ 1,190,649 170,613

# Exhibit B-2 Required Supplementary Information Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Library Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

							Po	Varia sitive (		
	Budg	eted A	Amounts			•		ginal	`	Final
	Origina	ıl	Final	Final		Actual	to Actual		t	o Actual
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$ 108,1	48	108,1	48	\$	108,148	\$		\$	
Intergovernmental	112,7		112,7		Ψ	112,729	Ψ	10	Ψ	10
Fines and forfeitures	112,,		112,			108		108		108
Interest						969		969		969
Miscellaneous	53,4	22	53,4	122		33,711	(1	9,711)		(19,711)
Total revenues	274,2	89	274,2	289		255,665	(1	8,624)		(18,624)
EXPENDITURES										
Leisure activities	274,3	57	304,5	561		316,023	(4	1,666)		(11,462)
Capital outlay						193,800	(19	3,800)		(193,800)
Total expenditures	274,3	57	304,5	561		509,823	(23	5,466)		(205,262)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over over expenditures	(	68)	(30,2	272)		(254,158)	(25	(4,090)		(223,886)
OTHER EINANGING COURCES (HCES)										
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in						159,118	15	9,118		159,118
Total other financing sources (uses)						159,118	15	9,118		159,118
Net change in fund balances	(	68)	(30,2	272)		(95,040)	(9	94,972)		(64,768)
Fund balance-beginning of year	59,7	62	59,7	762		59,762				
Fund balance-end of year	\$ 59,6	94 5	\$ 29,4	190	\$	(35,278)	\$ (9	4,972)	\$	(64,768)

#### Exhibit B-3 Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin Wisconsin Retirement System Schedules December 31, 2024

### SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) Last 10 Calendar Years\*

					Collective net	
					pension liability	
					(asset) as a	Plan fiduciary net
		Pro	portionate		percentage of its	position as a
	Proportion of the net	shar	e of the net	Covered-	covered-	percentage of the
Year ended	pension liability	pens	ion liability	employee	employee	total pension
December 31,	(asset)		(asset)	payroll	payroll	liability (asset)
2023	0.00351495%	\$	52,260	\$ 529,518	9.87%	98.85%
2022	0.00370876%		196,479	526,602	37.31%	95.72%
2021	(0.00367073%)		(295,867)	527,672	(56.07%)	(106.02%)
2020	(0.00382673%)		(238,908)	546,067	(43.75%)	(105.26%)
2019	(0.00393768%)		(126,968)	492,767	(25.77%)	(102.96%)
2018	0.00415900%		147,965	539,245	27.44%	96.45%
2017	(0.00419187%)		(124,461)	535,780	(23.23%)	(102.93%)
2016	0.00422394%		34,815	535,782	6.50%	99.12%
2015	0.00429684%		69,823	538,886	12.96%	98.20%
2014	(0.00437258%)		(107,373)	535,231	(20.06%)	(102.74%)

<sup>\*</sup>The proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) and other amounts presented above for each year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred 12 months prior to the financial reporting period.

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Calendar Years\*\*

			Co	ntributions in			
				relation to			Contributions as a
			the	contractually	Contribution	Covered-	percentage of
Year ended	Co	ntractually required	required		deficiency	employee	covered-
December 31,		contributions	contributions		(excess)	payroll	employee payroll
2024	\$	51,219	\$	(51,219)		\$ 578,668	8.85%
2023		43,594		(43,594)		529,518	8.23%
2022		42,830		(42,830)		526,602	8.13%
2021		42,377		(42,377)		527,672	8.03%
2020		43,563		(43,563)		546,067	7.98%
2019		36,938		(36,938)		492,767	7.50%
2018		42,437		(42,437)		539,245	7.87%
2017		42,749		(42,749)		535,780	7.98%
2016		39,786		(39,786)		535,782	7.43%
2015		40,937		(40,937)		538,886	7.60%

<sup>\*\*</sup>The contribution and other amounts presented above for each calendar year are based on information that occurred during that calendar year.

## Exhibit B-4 Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Schedules December 31, 2024

#### ${\bf SCHEDULE\ OF\ PROPORTIONATE\ SHARE\ OF\ THE\ NET\ OPEB\ LIABILITY\ (ASSET)}$

Last 10 Calendar Years\*

				Collective share of	
				the net pension	Plan fiduciary net
		Proportionate		liability (asset) as	position as a
	Proportion of the	share of the net	Covered-	a percentage of its	percentage of the
Year ended	net pension	pension liability	employee	covered-employee	total pension
December 31,	liability (asset)	(asset)	payroll	payroll	liability (asset)
2023	0.00572300%	\$ 26,330	\$ 488,000	5.40%	33.90%
2022	0.00572800%	21,823	456,000	4.79%	38.81%
2021	0.00816500%	48,258	499,000	9.67%	29.57%
2020	0.01107400%	60,915	475,000	12.82%	31.36%
2019	0.01115800%	47,513	428,000	11.10%	37.58%
2018	0.01303100%	33,624	487,000	6.90%	48.69%
2017	0.12624000%	37,980	530,875	7.15%	44.81%

<sup>\*</sup>The proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) and other amounts presented above for each year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred 12 months prior to the financial reporting period.

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Last 10 Calendar Years\*\*

				butions in ation to				Contributions as	a
	Contract	ually	the co	ntractually	Contribution			percentage of	
Year ended	requir	ed	re	quired	deficiency	Cove	red-employee	covered-	
December 31,	contribu	tions	cont	ributions	(excess)		payroll	employee payrol	1
2024	\$	127	\$	(127)		\$	505,000	0.03%	
2023		118		(118)			488,000	0.02%	
2022		111		(111)			456,000	0.02%	
2021		160		(160)			499,000	0.03%	
2020		219		(219)			475,000	0.05%	
2019		201		(201)			428,000	0.05%	
2018		239		(239)			487,000	0.05%	

<sup>\*\*</sup>The contribution and other amounts presented above for each calendar year are based on information that occurred during that calendar year.

#### NOTE 1 BUDGET SCHEDULE

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note 1.C to the financial statements.

The Village budget is adopted in accordance with state law. Budget amounts in the financial statements include appropriations authorized in the original budget resolution and subsequent revisions authorized by the Village board. Such revisions are required by a statutory provision which states that no expenditure can be made from an expired appropriation. The statutes also require publication of these budget revisions. Revisions require a two-thirds vote of the Village Board. Appropriations for the general fund lapse at year end unless specifically carried forward by Board action.

The Village does not utilize encumbrances in its budget process but does take into consideration certain appropriations, which do not lapse on an annual basis.

The Lamb Fund is not legally required to adopt a budget.

#### NOTE 2 EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The following expenditures exceeded budget appropriations in the library fund for the year ended December 31, 2024:

		E	Excess
Expenditure		Exp	penditure
Current:	_		
Leisure activities		\$	11,462
Capital outlay			193,800

#### NOTE 3 WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULES

#### Changes in Benefit Terms and Assumptions related to Pension Liabilities (Assets)

Changes of Benefit Terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions:

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

#### NOTE 3 <u>WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULES (CONTINUED)</u>

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating Wisconsin Retirement System Actuarially Determined Contributions:

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Valuation Date:	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method:	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age
Amortization Method:	Level Percent of	Level Percent of	Level Percent of	Level Percent of	Level Percent of
	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed
	Amortization Period	Amortization Period	Amortization Period	Amortization Period	Amortization Period
Amortization Period:	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from
	date of participation in WRS	date of participation in WRS	date of participation in WRS	date of participation in WRS	date of participation in WRS
Asset Valuation Method:	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed
	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)
Actuarial Assumptions					
Net Investment Rate of					
Return:	5.4%	5.40%	5.40%	5.40%	5.50%
Weighted based on assumed rate for:					
Pre-retirement:	6.8%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.20%
Post-retirement:	5.0%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Salary Increases					
Wage Inflation:	3.0%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.20%
Seniority/Merit:	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%
Post-retirement Benefit					
Adjustments*:	1.7%	1.90%	1.90%	1.90%	2.10%
Retirement Age:	Experience - based	Experience - based	Experience - based	Experience - based	Experience -based
	table of rates that are	table of rates that are	table of rates that are	table of rates that are	table of rates that are
	specific to the type of	specific to the type of	specific to the type of	specific to the type of	specific to the type of
	eligibility condition.	eligibility condition.	eligibility condition.	eligibility condition.	eligibility condition.
	Last updated for the	Last updated for the	Last updated for the	Last updated for the	Last updated for the
	2021 valuation pursuant	2018 valuation	2018 valuation	2018 valuation	2015 valuation
	to an experience study	pursuant to an	pursuant to an	pursuant to an	pursuant to an
	of the period 2018- 2020.	experience study of the period 2015-2017.	experience study of the period 2015-2017.	experience study of the period 2015 - 2017.	experience study of the period 2012 - 2014.
M P.	2020 WDG E :	W 2010	W 2010	W 2010	W 2012
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Tables. The rates based	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table. The	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table. The	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table. The	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The
		rates based on actual	rates based on actual	rates based on actual	rates based on actual
	on actual WRS				
	experience adjusted for	WRS experience	WRS experience	WRS experience	WRS experience
	future mortality	adjusted for future	adjusted for future	adjusted for future	adjusted for future
	improvements using the	mortality	mortality	mortality	mortality
	MP-2021 fully	improvements using	improvements using	improvements using	improvements using
	generational	the MP-2018 fully	the MP-2018 fully	the MP-2018 fully	the MP-2015 fully
	improvement scale from	generational	generational	generational	generational
	a base year of 2010.	improvement scale (multiplied by 60%).	improvement scale (multiplied by 60%).	improvement scale (multiplied by 60%).	improvement scale (multiplied by 50%).
		(muniphed by 00%).	(multiplied by 00%).	(muniphed by 00%).	(muniphed by 50%).

<sup>\*</sup>No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience, and other factors. Value is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

#### NOTE 3 <u>WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULES (CONTINUED)</u>

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating Wisconsin Retirement System Actuarially Determined Contributions:

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Valuation Date:	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method:	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age
Amortization Method:	Level Percent of	Level Percent of	Level Percent of	Level Percent of	Level Percent of Payroll-
	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Closed Amortization
	Amortization Period	Amortization Period	Amortization Period	Amortization Period	Period
Amortization Period:	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from date			
	date of participation in		date of participation in	date of participation in	of participation in WRS
A+ X7-1+: M-+1 1.	WRS Five Year Smoothed	WRS Five Year Smoothed	WRS Five Year Smoothed	WRS	Ei V C 41 4
Asset Valuation Method:	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Five Year Smoothed Market (Closed)	Five Year Smoothed Market (Closed)
Actuarial Assumptions	Warket (Closed)	Warket (Closed)	Warket (Closed)	Warket (Closed)	Warket (Closed)
Net Investment Rate of					
Return:	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
Weighted based on	2.2070	2.2070	2.2070	2.2070	2.2070
assumed rate for:					
Pre-retirement:	7.20%	7.20%	7.20%	7.20%	7.20%
Post-retirement:	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Salary Increases					
Wage Inflation:	3.20%	3.20%	3.20%	3.20%	3.20%
Seniority/Merit:	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%
Post-retirement Benefit					
Adjustments*:	2.10%	2.10%	2.10%	2.10%	2.10%
Retirement Age:	Experience - based	Experience - based	•	Experience-based table	Experience-based table
	table of rates that are	table of rates that are	of rates that are	of rates that are	of rates that are specific
	specific to the type of	to the type of eligibility			
	eligibility condition.	eligibility condition.	eligibility condition.	eligibility condition.	condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation
	Last updated for the 2015 valuation	Last updated for the 2015 valuation	Last updated for the 2012 valuation	Last updated for the 2012 valuation	pursuant to an
	pursuant to an	pursuant to an	pursuant to an	pursuant to an	experience study of the
	experience study of the	1	1	experience study of the	period 2009 - 2011.
	period 2012 - 2014.	period 2012 - 2014.	period 2009 - 2011.	period 2009 - 2011.	1
	•	•	•	•	
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2012	Wisconsin 2012	Wisconsin 2012	Wisconsin 2012	Wisconsin 2012
	Mortality Table. The	Mortality Table. The	Mortality Table. The	Mortality Table. The	Mortality Table. The
	rates based on actual	rates based on actual			
	WRS experience	WRS experience	WRS experience	WRS experience	WRS experience
	adjusted for future	adjusted for future	projected to 2017 with	projected to 2017 with	projected to 2017 with
	mortality	mortality	scale BB to all for	scale BB to all for	scale BB to all for future
	improvements using	improvements using	future improvements	future improvements	improvements (margin)
	the MP-2015 fully	the MP-2015 fully	(margin) in mortality	(margin) in mortality	in mortality
	generational	generational			
	improvement scale	improvement scale			
	(multiplied by 50%).	(multiplied by 50%).			

<sup>\*</sup>No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience, and other factors. Value is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

#### Note 4

#### LOCAL RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE SCHEDULES

#### Changes in Benefit Terms and Assumptions related to LRLIF OPEB Liabilities (Assets)

Benefit Terms: There were no recent changes in benefit terms.

Assumptions: In addition to the rate changes detailed in the tables above, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2018 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 5.00% to 4.25%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.



#### Exhibit C-1 Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds								Permanent Funds												
	F	teboard Park Fund		Post Office Fund	В	Zoning/ Building mit Fund		Steepes Amesbury		Bossard Fund		Amesbury Fund		an Slyke Fund	Pension Fund		TIF #6		Debt Service Fund		Total
ASSETS																					
Cash and investments	\$	419	\$	16,807	\$	44,614	\$	5,000	\$	17,270	\$	5,000	\$	28,248	\$	8,284	\$	177,807	\$		\$ 303,449
Receivables:																					
Taxes																		215,967		133,207	349,174
Leases				73,604																	73,604
Total assets	\$	419	\$	90,411	\$	44,614	\$	5,000	\$	17,270	\$	5,000	\$	28,248	\$	8,284	\$	393,774	\$	133,207	\$ 726,227
LIABILITIES																					
Accounts payable	\$		\$	67	\$	1,249	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 1,316
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	CES																				
Leases				71,630																	71,630
Deferred revenues																		297,668		133,207	430,875
Total deferred inflows of resources				71,630														297,668		133,207	 502,505
FUND BALANCE																					
Nonspendable				1,974						17,270		5,000		28,248		8,284					60,776
Restricted		419		16,740		43,365		5,000		17,270		2,000		20,2.0		0,20 .		96,106			161,630
Total fund balance		419		18,714		43,365		5,000		17,270		5,000		28,248		8,284		96,106			 222,406
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	\$	419	\$	90,411	\$	44,614	\$	5,000	\$	17,270	\$	5,000	\$	28,248	\$	8,284	\$	393,774	\$	133,207	\$ 726,227

# Exhibit C-2 Village of Spring Green, Wisconsin Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Sp	ecial Revenue	Funds			Permane	ent Funds				
	Skateboard Park Fund	Post Office Fund	Zoning/ Building Permit Fund	Steepes/	Formerly Nonmajor fund Library Fund	Bossard Fund	Amesbury Fund		Pension Fund	TIF #6	Debt Service Fund	Total
REVENUES				<u> </u>						-		
Taxes	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 234,567	\$ 136,806	\$ 371,373
Licenses and permits			27,499									27,499
Interest/investment income		1,552		200		623	221	298	319	3,963		7,176
Miscellaneous	-	4,478										4,478
Total revenues		6,030	27,499	200		623	221	298	319	238,530	136,806	410,526
EXPENDITURES												
General government		3,878								1,600		5,478
Leisure activities						9,325						9,325
Conservation and development			25,244									25,244
Economic development										2,052		2,052
Debt service: Principal										170,000	90,000	260,000
Interest costs										82,900	46,806	129,706
interest costs	-									02,700	10,000	125,700
Total expenditures		3,878	25,244			9,325				256,552	136,806	431,805
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over expenditures		2,152	2,255	200		(8,702)	221	298	319	(18,022)		(21,279)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in				(200)		221	(221)					221
Transfers out				(200)	<u>'</u>		(221)			-		(421)
Total other financing sources (uses)				(200)		221	(221)			-		(200)
Net change in fund balances		2,152	2,255			(8,481)		298	319	(18,022)		(21,479)
Fund balances - beginning of year, as previously stated Change within financial reporting entity	419	16,562	41,110	5,000	59,762	25,751	5,000	27,950	7,965	114,128		303,647
(nonmajor to major fund)					(59,762)							(59,762)
Fund balances - beginning of year, restated	419	16,562	41,110	5,000		25,751	5,000	27,950	7,965	114,128		243,885
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 419	\$ 18,714	\$ 43,365	\$ 5,000	\$	\$ 17,270	\$ 5,000	\$ 28,248	\$ 8,284	\$ 96,106	\$	\$ 222,406